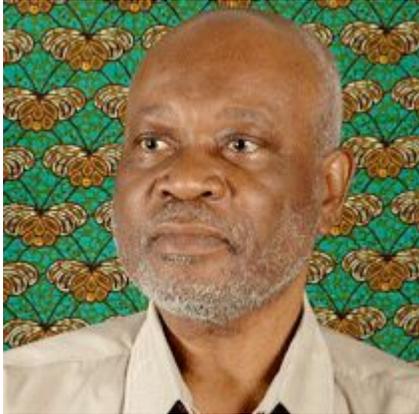


# Voices from the Rwanda Tribunal

## Official Transcript: Theo Nkembe (Part 4 of 5)



<b>Role:</b>	Archivist
<b>Country of Origin:</b>	Cameroon
<b>Interview Date:</b>	28 October 2008
<b>Location:</b>	Kigali, Rwanda
<b>Interviewer:</b>	Lisa P. Nathan
<b>Videographer:</b>	Nell Carden Grey
<b>Interpreter:</b>	None

## Interview Summary

Theo Nkembe talks about how he has been personally impacted by watching footage from the genocide in his role as an ICTR archivist, noting that images from the tapes haunt him ten years later. Nkembe then discusses the responsibilities associated with preserving ICTR records, reflecting that people often have political motives for seeking access to archival material. As such, security must be a top concern. Nkembe also expresses surprise that so many accused have failed to accept responsibility for their actions.

*The transcript of Part 4 begins on the following page.*

## Part 4

- 00:00 **Lisa P. Nathan: So in your time here, in the past ten years, you've had many experiences with the ICTR in the Office of the Prosecutor working with evidence, hearing all sorts of stories from the field, stories from the courts. Has there been anything that really surprised you about the way the court and the ICTR works?**
- 00:23 Yeah, mainly what surprised me a lot is the attitude of people that go in front of the court. I'm very surprised because what they did, in front of court they, they don't accept what, what they did and this really surprised me. Maybe apart of one or two cases, three cases where there a plea of guilty, guilty plea says, "I know what I've done. It was planned," you know.
- 01:06 Even if you don't say I'm sorry but if you agree on what you have, you ha-, you have done, for me I (\_\_\_), I can understand. But you see in the, to say that in the majority of cases, they say, everybody says, "No, no. I'm not guilty. I've not done anything," and in some cases even they try to justify what they have, they have done. So that, this is also for me, I don't think that, because if you do something that you knew that what you are doing, you should stand and accept what you have done that.
- 01:40 "Yes, I've done it. I knew what I was doing," and maybe try to justify but not say, "I did not do it," and justify in the negative way. That was, me, I was, 'till today I am, I'm very, I'm very surprised of the attitude when we have accusation in front of the court.
- 02:01 And even (\_\_\_) now, with the lawyers, you know, the defense also will, they, they will do their jobs, say that, "Okay, do not accept," as you know. I don't, I don't learn anything (\_\_\_\_\_) to you but the defense being there, the defense is there to, to protect, to protect those who are indicted in the court.